## Lt. Colonel His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj

Maharajaji Shree Sir Dowlat Singhji

Saheb Bahadur, K. C. S. I.,

# Maharaja of Idar.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

DAIASTIIAN HNIVERSITY I IDDARY In . submit the following report on the Administration of Your Highness' State for the year 1927-28 covering the period of 12 months from 1st October 1927 to 30th September 1928

I beg to remain,

Your Highness' most obedient servant,

F. S. Master. HIMATNAGAR, 5th July 1929

President, Idar State Council

## **ADMINISTRATION REPORT**

OF THE

## IDAR STATE.

FOR THE YEAR 1927-28 ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1928

## CHAPTER I

#### General and Political

The State of Idai, popularly known as "Nani Maiwar", is situated in the north-east of Guzeiat lying Position. between 23°6' and 24°30' north latitude and 72°40' and 73°43' east longitude It is bounded on the north by the Native States of Silohi and Mewai, on the east by the State of Dungaipui and on the south and west by the British District of Ahmedabad and the territory of Baroda

- 2 The extreme length and breadth of the State are 96 and Area, 58 miles respectively It has an area of 1,669 Extent and square miles and a total population of 2,26,351 Population souls, which gives a d-nsity of 136 persons per square mile
- The average gross revenue and expenditure, inclusive of Average all alienations, worked out on the last five Revenue and years and a half, is Rs 17,17,744 and Rs Expenditure 15,27,293 respectively
- 4 The State pays an yearly tribute of Rs 30,340 to His Highness the Gaikwai of Baroda under the denomination of Ghasdana while it annually icceives Rs 52,427 on account of Khichadi and other Raj Haks from its subordinate Jagirdais, the tribute paying Talukas of the Mahi Kantha Agency and others
- 5 The country is interspersed with hills and livers, the principal of which are the Sabarmati, the Hathmati, the Meshvo and the Vatrak The soil is rich and feitile excepting Physical the hilly tracts on the north and on the east The Features soil is black cotton or light sandy. The average rainfall of the State is about 35 inches and the principal products are wheat, rapeseed mehti, makkar, all sorts of pulses and oil--seeds, rice, sugarcane and cotton Mango and Mahura trees grow in abudant quantity throughout the State

The State is noted for its sand stone which far excels in texture, fineness and durability the Porbander and Dhrangadhia stone. The

gianite rocks at Idar are ascertained to be of the best quality. Bhetali boasts of lime stone quairies, the lime prepared from which is noted for its quality "Oos" or "Kharo" of a high quality for preparation of soaps abounds in Himatnagar and Bayad Talukas. On the west, white clay on the Sabarmati bank lends itself best for the preparation of sizing material. The State has also mines of mica, asbestos, and steatite. It also abounds in rich forests where teak wood, bamboos, babul and khakhras grow in abundance.

The State is connected with a railway line from Ahmedabad which passes through 34 miles of Idar territory, terminating at Khed-Brahma which is noted for its celebrated temples of Ambaji and Brahmaji, the latter having the only largest idol of Brahma in the whole of India

Among the historical places in the State may tioned the town of Idar, the former capital of the State, which is enclosed on one side by a blick wall now in ruins and on the other sides by Historical hills which formed a natural protection places of days There are celebrated Jain temples situated on interest Idar hills drawing Jain pilgiims from nearly whole of Gujarat Khed-Brahma and Shamlaji are among the principal places of pilgiimage and they attract Hindu pilgiims from Gujarat and other parts especially during the annual fairs The Khed-Brahma fan lasts from Maha Sudi 15th to Falgun Sudi 4th when traders from Mewar, Shirohi, Danta, Baroda and Ahmedabad numbers for the sale of their wares. The fair at Shamlan lasts from Kartik Sudi llth to the end of that month and attracts a large number of people from adjoining States and British territory

There is a leper asylum at Bhavnath which is another celebrated place of pilgimage in the State. The waters of a Kund there are believed to be endowed with a healing property

The present State of Idar was founded in 1729 A D the two brothers, Maharajas Anand Singhji and Rai Singhji, Princes from Jodhpur, who acquired the territory by the valour of their arms and consolidated History Since then the territory of Idar has, a very short period when it passed back in the hands of the Raos of Polo and Rehwars ultimately ending in the re-conquest by Shir Singh in A D 1751, continued under the sway of the Vanshi (Solai race) Rathoi Clan, who have the proud privilege being the direct descendants of the hero of the great epic They were originally known as Rashtra or Rashtric meaning country Rashtra was subsequently by general use crystallised into or rule1 Their earliest mention is found in the edicts of Ashoka as Rathore

tulers of the Decean When the Decean kingdom broke up, if appears that they carved out a new kingdom in Central India making Kanauj as then capital From there their descendants imprated into Western Rasputana and founded the principality of Marwai In 1728 Amand Singh and Rai Singh, two brothers of the Raja of Jodhpur, accompanied by a few horsemen from Vamo and Palanpur and the Godwara established themselves in Idai without much difficulty Tho Rathod Clan is said to be the last that effected a sottlement in Gujarat by conquest. Anand Singh was the first Maharaja of Idai and the present rule His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj Maharajaji Lt Colonel Sn Shree Dowlat Singhji Bahadoor, K C S J, is the ninth to succeed to the Gadi of Idar His Highness was born at Jodhpur in May 1878, and was educated at the Mayo College, Ajmer He received his military training in the Imperial Sorvice Cavalry, Jodhpur, and subsequently worked there as Squadron Commundant and Adjutant for some years. He also neted as Mulitary Secretary and Member of the Council at Jodhpur He was adopted by His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj Maharaja General Sn. Pratap Singhji Sahib, on his accession to the Idar Gadi in 1902 and was put in charge of the administration of the State, which he carried on successfully, till the latter abdicated in 1910

His Highness accompanied his father Mahuapa Sir Pratup Singhji to England in 1902 to attend the coronation of His late Majesty King Edward VII, and was there made an A D O to the present King-Emperor then H R H the Prince of Wales His Highness again visited England as Mahuapi of Idui on the enonation of His Imperial Majesty King George V, and took part in all official functions, apertaining to the happy occasion

His Highness was formally installed on the Gadi on 21st July 1911, and attended His Majosty's Coronation Durbu held at Delhi in the same year

At the out-broak of the Great War, His Highness at once offered his personal services to the Government, and placed all the resources of the State at their disposal. With the Idai State Imperial Service Desputch Riders, His Highness saw active service in Egypt.

On return from Egypt, His Highness was promoted to the honorary rank of Lt Colonel in the British Army, and was later on created Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India in 1920

Besides the many concessions allowed to recruits, Ilis Highness helped the Government with men, material, and money to the extent of a sum of more than three and a half lace

His Highness has three sons The eldest Maharaja Kumir Shree Himmat Singhi, who is the Heir-Apparent, is in his 30th year He accompanied His Highness Hen Apparent. to Europe, when the latter went  $\mathbf{to}$ coronation of the King-Emperor in London, and acted as Page to His Imperial Magesty at the Coronation Darbar, held at Delhi in He received his education in the Mayo College, Ajmei, where he had a most distinguished career and stood first in the Diploma Examination among the successful candidates from all the Chiefs' Colleges in India, winning the Viceroy's Medal In addition to his other qualities of head and heart, he is a keen sportsman, and excels in almost all games True to the inborn military spirit of the Rathore clan, he takes exceptional delight in discharging the duties as Colonel-in-Chief, Idar Sn Pratap Infantry

His Highness' second son Mahaiaja Kumai Shiee Man Singhji is in his 23id year. He is a promising young Kumar, sturdy in habits, genial and affable in minners. A keen sportsman like the heir-apparent, he stands by him as Commandant, Idai Sir Pratap Infantry

Maharaja Kumar Madan Singhji, the youngest son of the Maharaja, is 17 years of age He is also a keen sportsman and is developing himself into an outspoken gentleman and is being trained in Idar Sir Pratap Infantry

On The State is complised in the province of Mahi Kantha, a Political Division of the Presidency of Bombay It nanks third among the Native States of the Presidency and is the only Flist Class State in Mahi Kantha Its Chief, who has the heightary distinction of being styled as Maharaja, is entitled to a salute of 15 guns and enjoys plenary jurisdiction in matters both civil and political

The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring States and Talukus continued to be cordial and satisfactory during the year under report

- 10 His Highness went to Bombay during the second week of October, and returned to the Capital on 25-12-1927. His Highness' He visited Banswara on the marriage occasion of movements Bujilal of H B the Maharawalji Saheb of Banswara Towards the close of April, he left for Dehradun and passed the hot months of May and June, partly at Dehradun and partly at Musoorce He returned to the capital on 14-7-1928
- 11 Among the guests who visited the State during the year Distinguished Visitors under report were the following -

DATE OF

DATE OF

NAME OF VISITOR

No

710	TIAMED OF VISITOR	DAID OI	DAIL OF
		ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE
1	Major A S Meek с м с, Political Agent, Mahi Kantha	24-10-27	25-10-27
2	Major General G A H Beatty, C B, C s I, C M G, D s o, Military Adviser-in- Chief, Indian State Forces	7 <b>-</b> 10 <b>-</b> 27	10-10-27.
3	Captun J F Manindin Asstt Military Adviser, Gujiat Circle, Baroda	7-12-27	10-12-27.
4	ро	24-2-28	28-2 <b>-</b> 28.
5	Do	13-7 <b>-</b> 28	14-7-28.
6	His Highness Mühürawalji Saheb of Burswari	9-1-28	12-1-28
7	M you J de la Hay Gordon, ове, м с, Political Agent, Mahi Kantha	8-2-28	11-2-28
8	Do •	18-3-25	28-3-28
9	Do	9-9-28	9-9-28
10	Do	22-10-28	24-1028
11	Major G Broughton, Asstt Political Supdt, Hilly Tracts, Mewar.	23-3-28	28-3-28
12	Major M E M Merde, late Asstt Militury Adviser, Gujiat Circle, Baroda	13 <b>-</b> 7-2S	14-7-28
13	Maharaj Kahan Singhji of Jodhpui	27-7-28	31-7-28
	2 The 51st buthday of His came off on 30—9—	28 and was cel	ebrated by the

The list buthday of His Highness the Mahaiaja Saheb came off on 30—9—28 and was celebrated by the His Highness' booming of 51 guns at sumise. The day was buthday observed as a holiday throughout the State. Sweets were distributed in all schools, and the immates of the Jail were feasted 23 scholarships of Rs. 205 per month for encounaging higher education in English and Vernacular and one more scholarship of Rs. 30/ per month for Agricultural study were sanctioned. It is, however, regreted that none took advantage of this agricultural scholarship. Several other concessions were also announced. Physical sports were performed by the students of the

Himitnagai A V School and a gaiden party in the evening terminated the functions of the day

- 13 Among the interesting events of the year under report, the following deserve special mention
  - (1) A shooting competition was arranged under the auspicies of the Dawlat Club on the Club-day which luckily coincides with the Daseia, one of the most important Hindu festivals
  - (2) The foundation stone of a Ginning Factory at Himatnagar was laid on the Dasera day (6-10-27) by the then Dewan H B Kotak
  - (3) The opening ceremany of the Ginning & Piess Factory at Himatnagai & the ginning factory at Jadar was performed on 10—3—1928
  - February, the Jadechas of Devni the middle of (1) moii, Samera and Karchha, being ill advised made a common cause and perpetrated, a number of lawless blockading the public road and defiant acts. in Shamlaji, demolition of the Kaichha Thana, and repeated ill treatment of State Officials and the like thanks to the salutary advice and severe remonstration of the Political Agent, the Jadechas assumed missive attitude and much desired peace was again in sight by the end of September
  - (5) The Buthday of His Majesty the King-Emperor was celebrated on the 4th June 1928, observing it as a holiday throughout the State

It is hoped that the advice given by the Political Agent would be appreciated by the Jadechas, and that their conduct will be as loyal as can be expected of a Jagirdar

His Majesty's Secretary of State for India decided to appoint a small expert Committee "firstly to report upon the relationship between the paramount power and the States, with particular reference to the lights and obligations arising from the Treaties, engagements and sanads, and usage, sufferance, and other causes, and secondly to enquine into the financial and economic relations between British India and States, and to make any recommendations that they may consider desnable or necessary for their more satisfactory adjustment" The Committee appointed in accordance with the above announcement made by H E the Viceroy, was invited to visit Himatnagai but the committee having their time quite full up could not accept the invitation, and consequently the State's standing counsel M1 B B Joshi, Bar-at-law, and the Dewan Rao Bahadur Kotak visited Jamnagar during the Committee's visit to Jimnagar from the 7th to 10 March

1928 It was there arranged to put the Idar case before the Committee through the Rt Hon'ble Sir Leslie Scott, the eminent Counsel of the Princes

16 Rao Bahadur H B Kotak, B A, LL B, J P, resigned his post on 22-8-28, and Mr I K Pandya, B A, LL B, was appointed to act pending further orders Consequent on M1 Bhatt's resignation the services of Rao Saheb Prathvi Singh were borrowed from Government to fill up the post of the Superintendent of Police There were no other important changes in the personnel of the staff, whose names and other particulars are given in App I

#### CHAPTER II

#### Administration of Land

- 17 The charge of the Revenue Department remained with Mr Keshavlal O Joshi throughout the year under report He took over charge of the Department on 26th January 1927 He was assisted by Mr Gokuldas Devchand, Assistant Revenue Commissioner, who took over charge of his office on 24th January 1927, and was stationed at Idar
- 18 The Idar State is devided into six Mahals for administrative purposes. In the year before last there were 9 Mahals which were for the sake of convenience reduced to six in the last year and each Mahal was placed in charge of a Mamlatdar Two Mahals viz Idar and Vadali were placed under the direct supervision of the Assistant Revenue Commissioner.
- 19 The total number of villages in the State exclusive of 321 petty hamlets was 923 of which 382 are Khalsa, State villages 495 alienated, 1 disputed and 45 co-shared, during the year under review as against 383 Khalsa, alienated and 494 alienated, 1 disputed and 45 co-shared last year There is a decrease of one village in Khalsa and an increase of one in alienated villages, because during the year under report one khalsa village was given in Inayat to an alienee
- 20 The cash assessment system which has found favour with the cultivators is in vogue in the State in most of the Khalsa villages

  It was in force in 254 villages at the close of the Land Revenue—year while the Bhagbatai system—a shale in kind system—was in force in 86 villages—Allangements are being made to introduce the Vighoti system in the Bhagbatai villages—Revenue demands in six villages—were recovered by actually measuring the land under cultivation and levying

a fixed amount on acreage and in 37 villages the revenue demands were collected by fixed sums or Ankdas. The increase in the number of villages where land assessment prevailed during the year under report is due to the fact that there was Vighoti system already in force in some of the villages resumed by the State from Jagirdars and also to the introduction of each assessment system in some Khalsa villages in lieu of the share in kind system.

The Vighoti system was in force in 39 alienated villages against 37 of the last vear out of 495 during the year under review, while the Bhagbatar system prevailed in 456 villages as against 457 last year

Out of 45 co-shared villages, Vighoti was in force in 28 villages as against 26 and Bhagbatai in 15 as against 17 last year, while revenue demand was recovered in 2 villages by actually measuring the soil under cultivation at a fixed rate of acreage

21 The subjoined statement shows the work of the Survey Department during the year under report —

	Sur	ve <b>y</b>	Classifi	cation	Introduction of cash		
Villages	Completed	Remaining incomplete in	Completed in Remaining incomplete		Assess- ment completed in	Remaining incomplate in	
Khalsa	12	31	14	7	23	10	
Co-sh red	0	2	1	0	2	0	
Alienated	12	8	3	4.	2	5	
Total	24	41	18	11	27	15	

Grand total 136

As the work of the Survey Department was going on slowly owing to inadequate staff, it was thought necessary to strengthen it last year by appointing new and experienced Mojnidais and Classers A new Survey Superintendent was also appointed as the post was vacant There are 265 Khalsa villages which await revision settlement and 161 villages require the cash assessment system, which will add to the work of the Survey Department

The total area of culturable land under Khalsa villages was 2,40,886 acres and under co-shared villages 37,385 acres, grand total being 2,78,271 acres of which 1,58,264 acres of land was occupied in Khalsa villages and 20908 acres in co-shared villages, leaving respectively 82621 acres of land in Khalsa and 16477 in co-shared villages as unoccupied during the year under report

Land leased out during the year of report was 13891 acres as against 44271 in the last year which included the area of Jagiri villages which were given in Inayat but resumed in the previous year. The acreage of land relinquished was 12447 as against 10183 in 1926-27. This shows a satisfactory progress as regards the leasing out of unoccupied culturable land. Efforts are being made to bring in outside cultivators as there is yet a vast expanse of land lying unoccupied. Liberal terms are offered to cultivators intending to come and reside in the Idar State. During the year under report 166 families of cultivators from outside came and resided in the state territory.

- 23 Land revenue demands of the State amounted to Rs 6,78,605 during the year under report as against Rs Demands and 7,13,864 of the last year showing a decrease of Rs Collections of 35,259 which was due to the fact that mango and land revenue mahura trees bore practically no fruits, the income from which last year was Rs 45,610 During the year under report Rs 6,35,713 were collected as against Rs 7,01,931 last year
- 24 There is only one Hazui Treasury at Himatnagar and no Sub Treasuries in Mahals The necessity of opening the same in different Mahals is felt and the subject is under consideration. Till the Sub Treasuries in the Mahals are opened a system of accounts suitable to the new requirements is introduced in the Mahals that would serve the useful purpose of checking revenue demands and their proper recoveries.
- 25 Remissions granted during the year under review amounted to Rs 11,423 as against 12,928 last year, leaving the total land revenue arrears to the extent of Rs 1,76,677 at the end of the year as against Rs 1,97,884 last year

Old debts of cultivators to the state amounting to Rs 4,415 were written off during the year under report on the auspicious occasion of the brithday of H H the Maharaja Saheb

During the year under report 398 notices were issued as against 418 last year but in no case the property Coercive of the defaulting cultivators had to be attached measures for No recourse had to be resorted to adopt any recovery coercive measures

The arrears of Taccavi advances given from the State 27 Treasury and loans advanced from the Agricultural Bank amounted at the end of the last year to Taccavi advan-Rs 6582-8-0 and the amount of fresh advances ces and loans and loans given during the year of report was from Agricul-Rs 3299-15-10 including Rs 167-7-9 on account tural Bank of interest accruing due in the year brought the figure to Rs 9882-7-10 Out of this, only Rs 1683-10-9 were recovered, leaving Rs 8198-13-1 outstanding at the end of the year The greater portion of the Taccavi was given to cultivators to enable them to build pucca wells, sink new and repair old ones

28 During the year under report no land was resumed from Barkhali lands nor was any given to Barkhalidars from khalsa lands

During the year of report 8 estates were placed

Estates under under attachment while 10 were relieved from it,

State leaving the number of attached estates at the end

Management of the year at 34 The grounds for attachment

of these estates were (i) minority of the present

holders in 16 cases, (2) encumbered condition of the estate in 11 and

(3) disputed succession or title in 7

#### CHAPTER III

#### (a) LEGISLATION

- 30 During the year under report, the Bombay District Police act (No 4 of 1890) was made applicable in the State limits mutatis-mutantis and the following local Acts were enacted -
  - 1 The Cattle Trespass Act
  - 2 The Motor Vehicles Act
  - 3 Rules for the regulation of games and fishing
  - 4 Rules for Ginning and Pressing Factories

Appendix II specifies the Enactments that are in force in the State at the close of the year

There are separate rules also regarding Opium, Extradition and Border Court in force in the State

For furthering the ends of justice,—(a) The 2nd Class magistrates of Bhiloda and Vadali have been vested this year with powers to record statements and confessions and power to remand the accused to police custody beyond 24 hours under Sec 167 of the Cr Pro Code, (b) Equitable rules have been framed fixing the fees chargable by licensed petition writers, and (c) Territorial and

monetary jurisdictions of the various Courts of the State was also revised

- 32 The old Bhatha rules have also been recast and revised to meet the expenses of witnesses attending the Courts
- 33 In order to relieve the agricultural public from undue hardships at the hands of creditors, rules have been framed this year by way of an advance over Secs 60/61 of the Civil Procedure Code, exempting more property of theirs from attachment in execution proceedings issued by Civil Courts
- 34 In order to secure unifor mity in the status of the mahal munsiffs the powers of the Registrar, which lay till now with the State Munsiff's Court at Himatnagar, were withdrawn and vested in the Sar Nyayadhish Court during the litter part of the year under report
- 35 The prohibitory order for holding political meetings was cancelled early during the year

## (b) MILITARY

- Organisation

  B (4 plutoons and Head Quarters) with the total sanctioned strength of 150
- 37 The strength of the Infantry at the close of the previous year wis 127 During the year under report 2 died, 1 was Strength discharged on medical grounds, 4 were discharged at their own request, 11 were discharged as unlikely to become efficient soldiers, the services of one were dispensed with, 3 were discharged on disciplinary grounds in accordance with the mustering-out rule, 2 were tried by a summary court martial and dismissed from the service, 2 were struck off the strength for being absent without leave exceeding 60 days and 2 deserted, while 1 State officer and 32 fresh recruits were enlisted. Thus the total strength at the close of the year came up to 139
- L/Naik Bhur Singh were sent to Baioda for preliculations diers on 20-2-1928 The former having received sufficient training was sent to Poona to attend 3id qualifying course, but having been unsuccessful at the entrance examination rejoined the unit on 30-9-28. The latter remained attached till the beginning of November 1928 and was reported by the Commandant 4/4th Bombay Grenadiers among other things as not fit for Poona without further training Necessary arrangements for his further training are being made

39 Two buglar sepoys Durgan Singh and Idan Singh were sent to 4/16th Punjab Regiment, Ahmedabad, in February for training, who rejoined the unit after the month of April 1928 The following remarks were made for them -

"They have both worked well and their knowledge of bugling was distinctly improved"

The Havaldars Gulab Singh and Kumb Singh were sent to Baroda for weapon training with 4/4th Bombay Grenadiers. They rejoined the unit after 3 months training. When the former was reported to be rither old for Pachmarhi, the latter was declared fit for it

40 Major General G A H Beatty c B, c s I, c M G, D s o, Military Adviser-in-Chief, Indian State Forces, Inspection inspected the Infantry from 7th to 10th December 1927 at the first time and passed the following remarks - "With Your Highness' premission I would like to say a few words to your troops-

"I first wish to tell you how very pleased I am with every thing I have seen Handling of aims and marching very good Fit up and general appearance excellent. When I asked the question this morning as to how long ago the State Force was started and was told that it was in 1926, I was greatly surprized that such excellent results could have been achieved in so short a time

"Such results are only possible by keen interest and hard work

"Your Maharaja and the princes together with Officers and N C O's, take the keenest interest and it is due to this as well as to real hard work that such very good results have been attained.

"I congratulate Your Highness personally and all those concerned on the efficiency of your State Forces"

(2) Captain J. F Maiindin, the Assistant Military Adviser, Gujiat Circle inspected the Infantiy in Maich 1928, and passed the following remarks -

"This unit is making great stride, and will shortly form a very useful and efficient force The men are well cared for and contented, and ranks show great keenness This is greatly due to the interest shown by Colonel Maharaja Kumar Himmat Singhji of Idai, and his brother Lieut Maharaja Kumar Man Singh has recently received a State Forces' commission and is doing well"

(3) Major M E M Meade, the late Assistant Military Adviser, Gujrat Circle, inspected the Infantry in July 1928, and passed the following remarks -

"His Highness decided to reorganize his State Forces in 1926 As Assistant Military Adviser, Gujiat Circle, His Highness asked me to come here and discuss matters with him New lines were soon commenced and the instruction of N C O's by attachment to a regular Unit of the Indian Army was taken in hand By degress the older men were discharged, good Indian Officers appointed, and an excellent stamp of young Rajput recruits from Jodhpur was enlisted

'Rifles and equipment were not received till 1927.

"When I went home on leave in Maich 1927 only the nucleus of a company existed I have now had the pleasure of visiting His Highness again to find that the company is up to strength Aim drill, turn cut and maiching excellent, and the guards and sentires well above the average and a credit to any unit

"As I have now relinquished the appointment of Agsitant Military Adviser, Gujiat Circle, I wish to take this opportunity of thanking His Highness and the princes for all the kindness, hospitality and condial co-operation, they have always shown to me during my official visits, and congratulate them most heartily on the efficiency of this State Forces

"I feel certain that in a short time they will be a really useful fighting machine, and do credit to the name of the late Maharaja General Sir Pratap Singh ifter whom the regiment is named"

- (4) Major H A Garstin, M C, the Technical Adviser for musketry, inspected the Infantry in July 1928 and passed the following remarks -
- "I have much pleasure in inspecting yesterday, for the first time the musketry of the Idar State Forc's I believe that none of my predecessors had been here before It was an additional pleasure for me to do so in company of the princes and Major Meade, late A M A Gujiat Chicle, and Captain Marindin, the present Assistant Military Adviser I was much impressed by the excellent turn out, arms drill and marching of this unit, and I congratulate His Highness and all those concerned on the excellent results achieved in so short a time I shall look forward with pleasure to any next visit and I feel sure that rapid progress will be made in the meantime."
- The cost of the Infantry to the State was Rs 64,838 as
  Cost against Rs 62,559 in the pieceding year

#### (c) POLICE

42 Mi T B Bhatt of the Bombay District Police ietiled on 1-1-28, due to prolonged illness which ultimately cost him his life to the regret of all who knew him

The Inspector General of Bombay Police was asked to recommend a suitable man for the responsible post of the Superintendent of Police of the State and Rao Sakeb P H Raol of the Bombay District Police was selected for the same His services were borrowed from the Government and he joined on 25-2-28. Immediately on joining he set his heart to the most important work of reorganizing the Police force, left incomplete by Mi Bhatt He labourously studied the whole situation by personally inspecting the Thanas and outposts and submitted a scheme which though a bit more costly was approved in April 1928 by the Mahekmakhas with slight modifications. This entailed an additional cost of about Rs 8000/- during the year

- 43 The system of admission of recruits was adopted and these recruits were trained in drill, describine and police work. The grades of salaries were improved and in order to give an impetus for good work, many prizes and good service tickets were introduced. There was a great want of police quarters. This has been remedied to a certain extent by constructing new police lines at a cost of Rs. 16,016. Further additions will be made during the next year according as needed.
- 41 Mr. Moolsingh Joddha, the ex-magistrate continued as Assistant Superintendent of Police and Mi B M Pobaru, who had passed the police examination at Nasik School with ciedit, was an additional Inspector of Police
- 45 The State Police force in the year under report consisted of 18 Officers and 451 foot police, making a total of 469 of which 400 were able to read and write in vernacular
- Rs 95,940/- as against Rs 93830/- in 1927-28, showing an increase of Rs 2,110/- i e 22 per cent over the previous year
- 47 The strength of the Police in Pattas of the subordinate Jaghardars exercising magisterial powers granted by the Darbar was 6 Fozdars, 11 Sowars and 68 foot men and the cost of maintaining them amounted to Rs 10,164
- 48 The village police complised 393 mukhis and 86 chokiyats of whom 265 were paid in eash, 188 by award of baharkhali lands and 26 partly in eash and partly by award of baharkhali lands. Thus the total strength of both the regular and village police came up to 1033 which gives a ratio of the total force to the total population and area of the State of 2191 persons and 16 square mile to a policeman

- 49 Appendices V, VI and VII show the details concerning the working of the police during the year under report as compared with those of the preceding year
- The number of offences reported to the police in the year of report was 226 and the number of offenders traced out and apprehended by them was 294 as against 255 and 362 respectively in 1926-27. The number of persons sent up for trial was 294 of whom 157 were convicted and 185 were acquitted or discharged as against 196 and 205 respectively in the previous year. The percentage of convictions to the number of persons sent up for trial was 409 against 398 in 1926-27.
- 51 Among the 226 offences reported to the police in the year under report there were 22 heinous offences as against 23 in 1926-27 as shown below -

	Descript	tion			1926-27	1927-28.
Murders	•	•	·-	•	10	9
Culpable hor	micide .	•			3	2
Attempt to	murder	••	••	:	1	3
Robberies	••				4	5
Dacorties					5	3
			Total	••	23	22

52 The value of the property stolen during the year was Rs 22,315/- as against Rs 22,172 in 1926-27 Of this property worth 8,687/- was recovered as against Rs 6,459/-, the percentage of property recovered to the property stolen being 38 9 against 29 1 in 1926 27

## (d) CRIMINAL JUSTICE

## 53 The Dewan exercised the powers of the High Court

The number of the magisterial courts in the State at the close of the year under report was 12 as against 14 in the previous year, because owing to the death of late Maharaj Suryasingh of Suvar and Thakor Parbatsingh of Derol, during the year under report, their courts ceased to exist

## (a) STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATES

- I District Magistrate
- 3 First Class Magistrates at Himatnagar, Idar and Sabalpur with powers to commit cases to the Court of Sessions
- 2 Second Class Magistrates at Bhiloda and Vadali.

## (b) HONORARY MAGISTRATES

- 4 First Class Magistrates (Rajas of Chanderni and Kukadia, Raoji of Pal and the Jadecha of Dehgamda)
- 1 Second Class Magistrate (The Jadecha of Samera)
- 1 Third Class Magistrate (the Vaghela of Poshina)
- There were 52 cases involving 127 offenders awaiting trial in the several courts at the close of the previous year 339 fresh cases involving 716 offenders were received during the year as against 304 cases and 678 offenders in 1926-27, making a total of 391 cases with 843 offenders for trial, of which 340 cases conceining 742 offenders were disposed of by the end of the year, leaving a balance of 51 cases with 101 offenders at the close of the year

A reference to Appendix VIII will show that out of 742 offenders whose cases were disposed of in the year, 185 were convicted, 341 were acquitted, 177 were discharged, 28 were committed to the sessions and 11 transferred, died, etc., leaving 101 persons for trial at the end of the year

There was 1 case of opium smuggling involving 1 offender who was convicted

- Court at the commencement of the year 16 cases Sessions work with 28 accused came up during the year, as against 16 cases with 31 offenders in the pievious year. Out of the 20 cases dealing with 41 accused 18 cases were disposed of, leaving a balance of 2 cases involving 2 accused at the close of the year as the same were received during the last week of the year. Out of 39 prisoners tried before it 14 were convicted and 25 were acquitted. The average duration of the sessions trial was 66 days as against 38 days in the previous year.
- 56 In the Sai Nyayadhish Court there were 6 criminal appeals pending at the commencement of the year and 9 Criminal Appeals were filed during the year All the 15 appeals were disposed of and no appeal remained in balance at the close of the year

There were 5 appeals preferred against the Sar Nyayadhish' decision to the Mahekma Khas involving 58 prisoners during the year Of these 4 were disposed of, confirming in 3 and reversing in 1 the decision of the lower court

#### (c) CIVIL JUSTICE

57 The number of courts exercising civil jurisdiction at the commencement of the year was 5 During the year under report an additional court was opened at Vadali with the result that there were 6 civil courts at the close of the year exercising jurisdiction shown against each in the table given below

	Name of the Court	Junisdiction to hear suits
(1)	Sai Nyayadhish Couit	Unlimited
(2)	Munsiff Court at Himatnagar	Suits upto Rs 2,000/-
(3)	Idar Munsiff	,, ,, ,, 2,000/-
(4)	Sabapuı Munsıff	,, ,, 2,000/-
(5)	Bhiloda "	,, ,, ,, 500/-
(6)	Vadalı "	,, ,, ,, 250/-

58 The year commenced with a balance of 138 suits 1006 were filed during the year, as against 826 last year Original Suits making a total of 1144 Out of these 965 were disposed of as against 859 during 1926-27, leaving a balance of 179 suits at the end of the year

Of the said 1006 suits, 7 related to landed property, 872 to monetary transactions and 127 to other rights

The total value of the suits filed in the year amounted to Rs 2,28,732 against Rs 1,54,874 in the preceding year.

The particulars relating to the disposal of 965 surts are shown below —  $\,$ 

Disposed of expaite	212
Compromised	418
Struck off the file	182
Disposed of otherwise	153
	Total . 965

There were 229 execution applications in arrears at the beginning of the year 743 fresh ones were filed during Execution of the year as against 707 in 1926-27, making a decrees total of 972 of which 663 were disposed of leaving 309 in allears at the end of the year

The amount recovered in execution proceedings in the year aggregated to Rs 77,287 as against Rs 63479 in the previous year

60 The Mahekma Khas had I appeal in arrears at the commencement of the year which remained pending

The Sar Nyayadhish Court received 9 appeals during the year which with 3 in balance totalled 1? Out of these, Appeals

9 were disposed of, leaving 3 in arrears. In four of these the decisions of the lower court were confirmed, in 1 they were reversed, and 1 was decided by arbitration.

## (f) CIVIL POLITICAL SUITS AND APPEALS

Courts with regard to boundary disputes and cases of Baharkhali lands which were heard and disposed of by the Survey Superintendent and the Revenue Commissioner respectively

Appeals against the decisions of the above courts were entertained and disposd of by the Mahekma Khas

The following table shows the original work done by the said courts in the year under report as compared with that in 1926-27

Courts	Pending at the beginning	New admis-	Total	Disposed of	Balance at the end
Sar Nyayadhish Court 1926-27 1927-28	29 28	9 7	38 35	10 10	28 25
Survey Supdt 1926-27 1927-28	115 117	1 5	116 122	9 10	107 112
Revenue Commissioner 1926-27 1927-28		_ _	<u></u>	_	 
-926-27 Total 1927-28 ,,	144 145	10 12	154 147	19 20	135 127

<sup>63</sup> At the commencement of the year under report the High Court had 5 appeals in arrears, and one was filed during the year under report making a total of 6 Out of these, 2 were disposed of, leaving 4 in balance

<sup>64</sup> The number of persons made over by the State to the British and other Native State authorities during Extradition the year were 4 and 8 in 3 and 5 cases against 1 and 5 cases in 1926-27, while the number of surrenders made to the State by the above authorities during the year was 3 and 14 persons in 2 and 7 cases respectively as against 15 and 14 persons in 6 and 5 cases in 1926-27.

The system of extradition does not obtain fully between 65 the Idar State and the neighbouring States of Raputana as it does between this State and the Border Court Butish Districts and Native States under the Bombay Presidency Consequently cases arising between this State and the States of Mewai and Shirohi are disposed of by Boider Courts composed of the Political officers on either side It will not be out of place to remark that the Border Court system has outlived its time The perpetrators even of the most hemous offences are according to the present Boider Court rules visited with a very light punishment and it is high time for all the border states to combine for devising a uniform extradition code It is gratifying to note that a satisfactory extradition treaty has been arrived at between Idar and Dungarpur, and though the measure is provisional for two years it is hoped that at the close of the said period, the treaty will be made permanent Negotiations with Mewn Daibai are still in progress and it is hoped that with the efficient co-operation of the British Officers concerned on both sides, a uniform agreement will not be difficult of obtainment

66 One Boider Court was held during the year under report at Idan in March 1928 It was presided over by Major J de la Hay Gordon, Political Agent, Mahi Kantha, and Major G, Broughton, Assistant Political Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, Mewar The work disposed of by the Court is shown in the subjoined table

		Number of claims withdrawn	0 51	Number of cases in which decree was passed	Amount decreed	Number of cases otherwise disposed of	Number of cases postponed to next Border Court	Remarks
Claims of Idai against Dungarpur	_	_	_	_		_		
Claims of Dungarpur against Idar	6	1	-	4	229-0-0	1		
Claims of Idar against Kherwara (Mewai)			_	_			_	
Claims of Kheiwara (Mewar) against Idar	2	<b>—</b> .	_	1	30-0-0		1	
Claims of Idai against Kotia (Mewar)	4	2	1		_	_	1	
Claims of Kotra (Mewar) against Idar	6	4	-	1	25-0-0	_	1	

## (h) Prisons

- 67 As shown in App XIII there were 12 Jails and Lockups in the State at the close of the year under report, including the Central Jail at Himatnagar The State Sar Nyayadhish was ex-officio Jail Superintendent all throughout the year
- 68 The construction of the new Central Jail Building was finished this year with the construction of a second block measuring 80 ft by 20 ft the cells for the exclusive use of females, under—trial and civil prisoners. The guard room, the Jailor's quarters outside the main building, nearly brought the Jail to the standard of one in States of similar size and importance.
- 69 The Jail Committee consisting of the Sar Nyayadhish, Chief Medical Officer, and the Superintendent of Police held regular meetings every third month and made useful suggestions from time to time, which were promptly attended to
- 70 This year the prisoners were mainly employed in gardening, agriculture and other manual labour of a miscellaneous nature such as cutting wood, grinding corn, and the like The gardening and agriculture done by them in the small guiden attached to the Central Jail, prisoners brought an income of Rs 701, out of which Rs 184 have remained in arrears
- 71 The number of prisoners at the end of 1926-27 was 57, 278 prisoners were admitted during the year under report making a total of 335 as against 323 in the previous year Of these 265 were released or discharged, leaving 70 in the Jails at the end of the year
- 72 The average daily attendance of prisoners in the Central Jail was 1535, and the total daily average in all the Jails came upto 1802 as against 2333 in 1926-27
- 73 The cost of maintaining the prisoners in the Central and other Khalsa Jails exclusive of guard expenses amounted in the year under report to Rs 6739 against Rs 11,655/- in the preceding year

## (1) REGISTRATION

74 Appendices XIV and XV give a comparative statement of the registration statistics for 1926-27 and the year under report

They will show that there were 24 documents pending registration at the end of the previous year 607 new documents were presented for registration during the year under report as against 351 in the previous year. Out of the total of 631 documents 599 were registered, registry was refused in 13 cases, and 19 remained unregistered at the close of the year.

- 75 The aggregate value of the registered documents during the year amounted to Rs 2,33,436 against Rs 1,46,763 in 1926-27
- 76 There were 9 registration appeals preferred against the decisions of Sub Registrars Of these 5 were disposed of leaving 4 in arrears at the close of the year
- 77 The registration fees realized during the year amounted to Rs 2439 as against Rs 1,451 in the preceding year

## (1) MUNICIPALITIES

- 78 There were 5 municipalities in the State during the year under report as in 1926-27 viz, those at Himatnagar, Idai, Vadali, Bhiloda and Badoli, all of which were at present being worked by State Officials Both conservancy and lighting arrangements were in force at the first 3 places while the municipal work at the last 2 places was confined to conservancy alone
- 79 The receipts and expenditure of the above municipalities in the year under report as contrasted with those of 1926-27 are shown in App XVI

#### CHAPTER IV

#### Production and Distribution

#### WEATHER AND CROPS

80 The rainfall measured at different centers of the State during the year under review as constructed with the average rainfall of the last five years is shown below -

Place	Rainfall during the year under report	Average rainfall of last five years,
Himatnagar	31 97	31 02
Idar	$24 \ 33$	$42 \ 90$
Vadalı	25 39	36 12
Bayad	34 83	$36\ 12$
Bhiloda	$29\ 15$	38 30
Meghraj	37 65	$36\ 28$
Khed	36 42	$37\;62$
Raigadh	31 05	35 30

It will be seen from the above statement that the lainfall during the year compares favourably with the average fall of the last five years except at Idar, Vadali and Bhiloda where it was some what less The rainfall was on the whole satisfactory and seasonal.

81 The monsoon as usual set in quite in time i e in the second week of June though it commenced in right earnest in the month of July

The rainfall measured in June was less than 2 inches at some places Megraj only had 3.71 inches and therefore sowing operations could not be undertaken. July however brought more than sufficient rains and sowing had to be delayed in some places with the result that the first sowings were damaged. August and September brought in timely rains and the standing crops thrived and were in prosperous condition though damaged at certain places as said above.

The monsoon or Khariff crops also gave every hope of a good yield Mahutha (unseasonal) rains however damaged these crops and the yield was much below expectations

- 82 Cotton was extensively sown by cultivators during the year under report. Other winter crops such as methi, rapeseed, gram, &c came next. There was every indication of a bumper harvest.
- 83 Unfortunately however the unprecedented heavy frost destroyed almost 75%, of the Rubbi crops Immediate steps were taken to relieve the cultivators by encouraging them to sow maize, chino, kang, &c which would give staple food for themselves and fodder for their cattle Ariangements for Taccavi for seeds and food to the needy cultivators were made. They have also been allowed free use of Darbari and other wells as also of padtar lands and kharabas near the river beds
  - 84 The following measures among others need special mention -
  - (1) No Bhad allowance will be levied for water from Darhari wells or river or streamlets
  - (2) No assessment will be levied for using Darbari padtar assessed lands
  - (3) No charge will be made for using kharaba lands by the side of river beds cultivated during the year
  - (4) The immediate effect of frost was an abrupt rise in prices of staple food such as wheat, maize, bajari and juwari With a view to prevent an abnormal rise and to bring down the prices to a reasonable limit the export of wheat, bijri, maize and juwari was prohibited
  - (5) In order to give further facility to the cultivators the period of 2nd instalment of cash payment was prolonged till the end of September Suspension also will be granted to the more needy cultivators who will not be in a condition to pay this instalment

#### WAGES AND LABOUR

- 85 There was practically no change in the scale of skilled and unskilled labour during the year under review as compared with that of the last year. There was sufficient work for the labourers throughout the year.
- So The prices of staple food grains as they prevailed in the different months of the year are shown in Appendix XVIII from which it will be seen how the prices have steadily advanced in almost all the grains

#### FORESTS

S7 The area of the reserved forests of the State is approximately 30,000 acres. The demarcations have not Area of Forests—vet been made. The forest produce chiefly consists of teak, which is not of a superior quality.

The income of the Foiests amounted to Rs 7,364/- during the veni under report and the expenditure to Rs 6385/- as igainst Rs 5630 and Rs 5091 respectively last year

- Mi J V Patel who is experienced in forestry and lac cultivation, was in charge of the Foiest Department during the year under report. As he was asked to study the local conditions and submit the working plans, he has already submitted for the Forest Department on the lines of diaft jules British Government and Baroda State's Forest Acts, which are under corsideration of the State Council There are many Babul, Khakhia and Bore trees in the kharaba lands in some of the forests of the State which have uptil now been used as fuel wood A scheme is prepried to introduce lac cultivation and with this view a small experiment was made during the list year to attach lac insects to Baluls, Khakhias and Boie ties The experiment proved successful, and it is hoped, the tices considered useless at present and fit only for fuel wood will be utilized extensively for lac cultivation and made to yield a better return in due course of time
- 50 A Forest Nursery, wherein plants of Sandal, Eucalyptus, Kaju, Teak, Kokam and such other precious trees were reared and planted had been opened during the year under report, but unfortunately the severity of frost destroyed most of the young plants and all the money and labour spent have been wasted
- 90 Uptil now no systematic cutting was done and any and every useful tree fell a victim to the axe of a wood-cutter Many precious trees have thus been cut off and sold in the market as fuel wood. This soit of cutting at random has now been stopped and a

block and coup system has been introduced during the year of report and the cutting is being done systematically in a scientific method. Valuable trees will thus be saved from the axe

- 91. The forests that still contain precious trees will be stricktly reserved and it is under contemplation to have the forests demarcated for which a Surveyor is appointed
- or The wood cutters are warned to resort to systematic cutting based on improved method as approved by the Forest Department of the British Government and efforts are being made to develop the forests of the State both in value and usefulness side by side with agriculture as both these industries afford great scope and possibilities of future development

#### INDUSTRIES

- 93 Agriculture is the chief and most important industry of the State and forms the backbone of the revenue of the State and as such, its development requires the foremost attention as there is great scope for its development in the direction of extensive and intensive cultivation
- 94 Efforts were made during the year under report to introduce a new variety of wheat, Pusa No 4, 6 and 12 on a small scale. This wheat claims to be immune from rust and the experiment though made last year on a small scale proved to be quite satisfactory and successful 6800 lbs of Pusa wheat was ordered out from the Pusa Reserve Institute but unfortunately the severe frost which destroyed other crops, ruined this crop also and it is not possible to pass any conclusive remarks on the success of the experiment However as wheat is largely grown in the State, if more seeds could be available from Pusa and if cultivators will readily take to it, they will be much benefited, the crops being practically insured against damage by rust

The State has sanctioned to attach an Agricultural Bianch to the office of the Revenue Commissioner and arrangements being made to secure a graduate in Agriculture who work an Agricultural Inspector and carry on the programme developing agriculture such as manurial experiments, introduction of improved iron implements that can save both time and labour, culture, introduction of new rich crops such as tobacco, cumin for which both soil and climate are suitable, selection of seeds, fodder crops such as lucerne, and vejetable crops such as potatoes, cabbages, chillies &c, cattle breeding etc The above are some of the chief lines, the development of which can be undertaken with advantage both to the State and the subjects

- 95 Some seeds of English vegetables such as cabbases, knolkhol, cauli-flower, tomatoes, chillies &c were ordered out and supplied to cultivators and to the Himatnagar and Idar State gardens. All these vegetables flourished well and yielded a satisfactory crop and found the soil congenial to their healthy growth
- 96 The soil of the State is very feitile and all sorts of fruit trees such as lemons, sweet or sour, oranges, citions, mangoes of rich varieties, chikoo, pomegranates, pears, sitafalis, &c can be grown here

#### Introduction of improved Implements of Agriculture

- 97 Efforts were made to introduce improved iron implements such as non ploughs BT2 and chaff cutters. When the Agricultural Branch is opened, a greater stimulus will be given to the efforts in that direction. Ploughs with spare shares to suit different kinds of soil have been ordered out and cultivators are allowed free use of the same. Though most of the cultivators are conservative in habits unlike their brethren in Gujarat, it is hoped, after some time they too will seriously take to these improved methods.
- Ahmedabad during last November, by the GovernAhmedalad Agii- ment which gave a great impetus to the enterpricultural Exhibition availed themselves of the opportunity thus afforded by the Exhibition This State had erected a Stall in which products of the State agriculture and forests were exhibited The State Forest Officer Mr J V Patel was placed in charge of the Stall assisted by the Idar Mamlatdar

The State obtained a second class silver medal from the President of the Exhibition which was very gratifying

- 99 Cattle breeding is an allied industry to agriculture and it also affords a great scope of improvement. According as the financial condition of the State improves, steps will be taken to develop this industry as well
- 100 The industry which should first arrest the attention of enterprising merchants is the establishment of oil presses in view of a large growth of rapeseed and other oil seeds and also of an abundance of Mahura seeds
- 101 Another industry that is almost dead and which is akin to agriculture is the weaving industry in the State This industry is in the hands of weavers, principally Dheds, who in competition of mill industry are struggling hard to keep up the industry Introduction of

improved fly shuttle hand looms and monetary help can save the industry from its present deplorable state Good weavers can be found even in these days from that class

The other industry in the State which needs mention here is stone quarrying industry. The stone of Himatnagar quarries is of very good quality and is being exported to Alimedabad, Broach, Surat, Bombay &c, freely since the reduction in the royalty scale. However it must be said that as Bombay and Ahmedabad P. W. D. as also the railway authorities are making free use of cement the demand is not increasing.

The income to the State by way of rovalty was Rs 17,818/- as against Rs 28,602/- of the last year The decrease is due to reduction in the scale of royalty as shown in the last year's report -

		$P_{RE}$	VIOUS RATES		REDUCED RATES
Khara Stones			0-6-0	per c ft	0-3-0
Pillars	••	••	-	per each	0-1-3
Rubble		••	2-0-0	per 100 c ft	1-8-0
,, ··		••	0-3-0	per 2 bullock	
				cart load	0-2-0
•	•••	•••	0-6-0	,, 4 ,,	0-4-0
White Metal		•••	1-1-0	per 100 c ft	1-0-0

103 There is also a great scope for well and tank irrigation The old wells need repairs which is being well attended to Allangements are also made for sinking new wells. There are good rivers and streamlets which if harnessed with bunds at proper places, there would be a good storage of water which can be profitably utilised for irrigation purposes. The laying out of canals for carrying water to adjoining fields is a question of money and the work can be taken in hand in proportion to the financial improvement of the resources.

104 The principal articles of export in the year under report were wheat, maize, till, rapeseed, castor-seeds, methi, tabacco, gram, mahura-seeds and flowers, ghee, gum, cotton and cotton-seeds while the principal imports were jaggery, sugar, rice, yarn, cloth, ralt, spices, scents, coconuts, tin, iron, silver, gold, copper and brass vessels and iron sheets

105 The fairs at Shamlaji and Khed Biahma which are held innually were held in the year under report as usual and both were well attended by pilgrims and others. The former commenced on 5th November 1927 and lasted for 22 days while the latter opened from

5th February 1928 and continued till the 26th of the month

- 106 The Customs Department remained in charge of Thakor Badaisinhji as in the preceding year
- 107 A reduction was ordered in the import duty on several necessaries of life, such as wheat, molasses, sugar, ghee, kerosine, cotton and cotton goods. The reduction which was hailed by the people tended to advance local commerce.

#### PULLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

- 108 The Public Works Department remained in charge of Mr R H Kothan, B E, throughout the year
- 109 The total expenditure on the Public Work Department during the year under report amounted to Rs 1,77,040/- as against Rs 89,548/- in the previous year. The various details of the expenditure will be found in App. XIX
- 110 Among the new works completed in the year may be mentioned (1) Infantiy Bariacks, (2) Jamadai Quaitei, (3) Expansion of the Idir High School (4) Idar Antyaja Shala, (5) Jail Block, (6) Female Ward at the Central Jail, (7) Jail Guard Room, (8) Jailor's Quarters, (9) Police Lines and Kitchens at Himatnagar, (10) Head Quarters Office, (11) Police Chowki, (12) Bhiloda Dispensary with Doctor's Quarters and Post Mortem Room, (3) Officer's Quarters, (14) Darbari Uttara and Quarter at Khed-Bhrahma, (15) Darbari Uttara at Bayad, (16) Addition to the Idar Clock Tower, (17) Vejetable Market, Himatnagar Among the works started during the year but not completed may be mentioned (1) Infantry, (2) Khalwad School and (3) Police Lines Block of 10 at Himatnagai
- 111 The repairs executed to the existing schools, dispensaries uttaras, Magistrate and Mamlatdais' Offices, Talati Quarters and other State Buildings including the palaces cost Rs 20,630/-

Rs 1000/- were donated as a charitable grant for the special repairs to the Mudhaneshwer Temple at Jadar

The metal road from Himatnagar to Idai was repaired and one full mile was rolled with pacea mital making the width 16 ft instead of 12 ft at an expenditure of Rs 2860/-

112 Causeways, culverts, etc were newly put up on Idar Khed-Brahma Road and a culvert on Idar Debhol The macadam approach to the Hathmati River near Demor was finished with regular slopes etc, to fecilitate the increasing motor and cart traffic Ordinary repairs were carried on Idar Khed-Brahma and Khed-Brahma Station Road The total expenditure incurred on the above came to Rs 3855/-

- 113 Irrigation was not left out of sight. This year a pakka wiste wier nearly 60 ft long and 20 ft high was completed on Rigadh Tilao at a cost of Rs 7751/-, and aquaducts etc. were put on Matoda Agia and Dhanil canals and the necessary repairs were carried out on other Talaoes.
- The following works were also executed under the supervision of the P W D and their cost amounting to Rs 12,407 were credited to the several departments concerned -
- "Shiee Dowlat Club House" and Customs Nakas' repairs, Fuel She'l for Infantry, Himatnagar Municipal Road, Public Privies, Fire Brigade Chhappar, etc

#### POST OFFICE

- 115 The number of letters and articles carried by the Darbar postal service during the year under report was 71,299 against 69,141 in 1926-27 and the cost of the Postal Department amounted to Rs 5913 against Rs 6253 in the previous year, giving an average of 160 pies per postal article irrespective of the weight
- 116 The number of Government Post Offices working in the State during the year was 18 as against 16 in the preceding year Of these the two at Himatnagar and Idar are combined Post and Telegraph Offices while the rest are branch Post Offices only

## GENERAL CONDITION

Nature's bountiful grace in giving a favourable monsoon producing bumper crops and the climate remaining free from any contigious or infectious disease kept the people happy and contented Peaceful progress made a slow but steady advance and if nature continues to be so favourable in future, there is every reason to believe that trude and art will go on prospering at a rapid rate

#### CHAPTER V

#### Revenue & Finance

- 118. Mr Sadashiv J Dave continued in charge of the State Treasury throughout the year under report
- 119. A detailed statement of the total receipts and disbursements of the State for the year under report as compared with those for 1926-27 is given in App XXII

- The financial condition of the State Treasury as shown in the report for 1926-27 had improved and become more solvent than before The opening balance at the beginning of the year under review was Rs 50,856 as against Rs 1,112 in 1926-27 The total receipts during the year from all heads of revenue amounted to Rs 14,70,583 as against Rs 14,40,274 in the last year The receipts on account of loan deposits amounted to Rs 4,33,090 as against Rs. 4,90,386 of the previous yeu. The total comes to Rs 19,54,329 as compared with Rs 19,31,772 of the last year The expenditure of the State in the year aggregated to Rs 12,54,848 as against Rs 11,70,275 The pryments on loans, deposits and advances amounted to Rs 4,00,072 as against Rs 5,67,196 of the pievious year The total of both these items on the debit side is 16,60,920 as against Rs 17,37,471 of the last year, leaving a closing bilance of Rs 2,93,609 including deposits, etc
- 121 The revenue arrears at the close of 1926-27 amounted to Rs 2,84,810 out of which Rs 65,568 were realized and Rs 13,672 were remitted in the year under report, leaving a bilance on account of past arrears due at Rs 2,05,570 Adding to this the arrears of the year under review amounting to Rs 72,508 the total revenue arrears on 30-9-1928 aggregated to Rs 2,78,078
- 122 The other outstandings is e those due on account of advances and losis stood at the end of 1926-27 at 2,48,038. This was reduced by subsequent adjustments and cash receipts to Rs 2,31,543. The fresh advances and loans given during the year under review amounted to Rs 1,91,806 bringing the total of the outstandings on 30-9-1928 to Rs 4,23,349.

#### CHAPTER VI

#### Medical Relief and Vital Statistics

## ( ) MEDICAL

- 123. The Medical Department of the State was under the charge of Di K V Thakkar, L M & s, (Bombay University) throughout the year under report
- There were in all six medical institutions in the State as against
  5 of the last year viz, Civil Hospital and Palace
  Medical InstiDispensary at Himatnagar, and Dispensaries at
  tutions and
  Luar, Vadali, Bayad and Bhiloda The last named
  their Staff
  was added during the year under report at a cost
  of Rs 7714 All these institutions are maintained
  by the State and they are all well equipped. The staff at Himatnagar

consists of the Chief Medical Officer, and sub-assistant surgeon, 3 compounders, one clerk and six menials. During the year under report a nurse and mid-wife was appointed on the Hospital Staff to meet the growing demand of female patients Each of the four dispensaries has on its staff a qualified sub-assistant surgeon, a compounder and a roon The Bhiloda dispensary is provided with residential quarters for the sub-assistant surgeon there

125 The total number of rations treated at all the institutions during the year under report was 19064 out-door Medical Relief and 22 in-door rations as against 15,560 out-door and 45 in-door patients during the preceding year. The daily average of cut-door and in-door rations was 19745 as against 15794 of the last year Of the total 19064 out-door rations 7995 were treated at the Civil Hospital at Himatnagar and 11062 at the four district dispensaries. All the 92 in-door patients were treated at the Civil Hospital at Himatnager, which has an accomodation for 6 in-patients (Vide App XXIII)

126 Of the 7995 out-patients 5777 were Hindus, 2202 were mahomedans and 16 belonged to other castes. During Surgical the year under report, there were 536 operations Operations performed of which 11 were major and 525 minor as against 252 in the preceding year of which 2 were major and 150 were minor

The total number of post mortem examination held during the year under report was 11 as against 18 in the Post Mortem preceding year Of the 11 examinations three were held at Himatnagar, 4 at Idar, 1 at Vadali, 2 at Bayad, and 1 at Bhiloda

128 The principal prevailing diseases during the year were Prevailing maleria, diseases of the respiratory system, Diarrhoea diseases and dysentry, skin-affections and diseases of eyes and ears Maleria as is usual elsewhere was prevalent here after the monsoons

129. There were no cases of plague or cholera during the year Eped-mic- under report There were however 68 cases of diseases small-pox in the whole State, of which 50 died and 18 recovered No other infectious disease was previlent during the year

## (b) SANITATION

Anti-rabid Ahmedabad at State expense indigent subjects of the State, bitten by rabid dogs for treatment.

During the year under report 6 cases were reported as against 2 in the last year. Of these 6 cases 5 were sent to Ahmelabil at State expenses and one in well-to-do condition paid his own expenses. So far none of the patients treated have been reported to have developed any signs of rabid.

- 131 Both the police and revenue departments of the State are instructed to give a wider publicity to the provision made by the State for treatment of persons bitten by dogs, because the treatment is purly preventive and has no curative effect, once the person bitten has the ill luck to develop rabies
- No cases of snake bites reported themselves at any of the dispensaries. All dispensaries however continued to be supplied with a stock of anti-venene from the Pasteur Institute of Kasauli Lander Brewfere's snake bite lancets have alredy been supplied to all the dispensaries and to the Fozdars and Talitis as also to vaccinators and school masters.
- Cost the year under report exclusive of vicination Department amounted to Rs 19148-7-6 as against Rs 21954-8-1 in the previous year

During the year a thousand rupees were spent for repairs to the Himatnagar Hospital and Idar Dispensary

of Badoli and Bhiloda have their own municipaliSanitation ties and their respective municipal officers look
after the sanitary arrangements of these places
The Sanitation in all other villages is generally under the supervision of Local Police officers and the Mukhis or Patels In Bayad and Chorla the people themselves look after the sanitation and maintain an adequate number of sweepers to keep the villages clean

Water supply was sufficient and the supply of drinking water during the year under report was ample at all places As a precautionary measure all the wells at Himatnagar, Idar, Vadali, Bayad and other principal villages were regularly permangenetel every three months and particularly before and after the rains as a precaution against Cholera

## (c) VACCINATION

The Vaccination Department is under the direct supervision of the Chief Medical Officer of the State, who Staff helped by a separate staff consiting of one vaccination Inspector and 6 vaccinators as against one Inspector and 4 vaccinators of the last year The number of the vaccinators.

nators had to be increased to cope with the large number of villages in distant parts of the State

Only the Glycerine lymph prepared at the Belgam Vaccine Institute is used for purpose of vaccination

The number of primary vaccinations during the year under Work done report was 8642 and of re-vaccinations 110 against 6289 and 29 respectively in the preceding year. This shows a decisive increase of 2353 in primary and 81 in revaccinations

Of the primary vaccinations 8621 were successful and one leing unverified, the remaining were unsuccessful Of the re-vaccinations 78 were successful and 29 unsuccessful and in 3 the result could not be verified. As a rule re-vaccination is invariably successful only if the effect of the first vaccination is worn off and the little operation carefully done.

137 The total expenditure after this Department during the Cost year amounted to Rs 2628-7-8 as against Rs 2464-9-9 in the last year, showing an increase of Rs 213-13-11 during the year under report

## (d) VITAL STATISTICS

138 The return about registration of births and deaths for the year under report app XXIV will show that 1763 births and 942 deaths were registered during the year as against 1201 births and 788 deaths registered last year

The latios on population per mile of biths and deaths come to 78 and 42 respectively as againts 53 and 34 in the preceding year

A peculial superstition prevails among the wild Bhil population of the State and they therefore are unwilling to supply correct information about briths and deaths amongst them The figures given above cannot therefore be regarded as strictly accurate

#### CHAPTER VII

#### Education

of the Department throughout the year. The total number of Educational Institutions in the State was 83 and out of that number 59 were solely maintained by the State, while other deserving schools were given adequate grants.

- Sir Pratap High School, Idai According to the announcement made last year at prize destribution gather-High School ing, the A V School at Idar was raised to the status of a full High School An extention of wings on both sides of the building was made at an expense of Rs 20,000/with special 100ms for Laboratary and Library as laid down by the University rules The School was named "Sn Pratap High School" and was formally opened at Idai in the month of June 1928 In order to give the best of facilities to the students studying in this institution, the State spent a liberal sum over the building and also in equipping the High School with all the necessary requirements of a well conducted High School The High school is manned by competent and experienced graduates and under graduates The Boys' Libiary, Reading-Room, and the Debating Society have proved very useful The average number of students on the roll during the year under report was 228 as against 125 of the last year. The sudden increase in the number of students proved that such an institution was a necessicity in the State
- called Kesaii Boarding House, which accommodates Kesaii Boarding nearly 80 students. The Boarding House is managed House by a Public body and the State gives an annual grant of Rs 720/- to it. This help from the State goes to lessen the amount of charges. In addition to this grant Scholarships worth Rs 50/- per month are given, by the State, to the poor and the deserving students of the High School, for helping them in paying their Boarding charges.
- factory progress, during the year under report. The Himatnagar school had been teaching upto Std IV, but during English School—the year under report, under the orders of His Highness, it was sanctioned to teach Std V Incorder to meet the increased requirements, improvements in the Staff and other equipments were sanctioned. Major J. Gordon the Political Agent of Mahr Kantha Agency visited the School on the 10th February and after inspecting the several classes expressed his satisfaction.
  - 143 There were two Anglo-Vernacular Schools at Vadalı and

Gubat in the begining of the year, but in order to give facilities to those who want to learn English, His Highness was pleased to sanction two more such schools, one at Meghraj and the other at Bayad to at present there are 4 such A V Schools and they have found to be useful

The Department paid no less attention to the Female 144 Education, the importance and utility of which has, now, been sufficiently realized by the people **Eemale** There were four Schools for girls and during the Education year under report two new schools for girls, one at Himatnagar and the other at Tintor, were opened, making the total of 6 schools for girls 285 girls have been taking education in these schools, as against 200 of the last year and 174 of the year before last This gradual increase in the number of gul students will speak for the progress made in this direction. In all the girl schools, Diawing, Knitting, Sewing, embroidary work, and singing were taught, in addition to the usual subjects prescribed for primary schools Articles necessary for giving training in these subjects were supplied free by the State to all gul schools

should receive some encouragement at the hands
Fducation of of the State, grants-in-aid to the Antyaja Schools
Depressed Classes at Idar and Gabat, were sanctioned in the begining
of the year With the help given by the State,
the Antyaja School at Idar did good work and flourished There
being no proper arrangement for seating the students of that school,
i specious and well-ventilated building was built for the school by
the State, and it was decided that for the betterment of that school it
should be conducted by the Department, as one of the State Schools

attention was paid by the Department to the Primary Schools In all the primary schools, necestable during the year Necessary addition and changes in the staff of all schools were effected and adequate increasement in the salaries of the Primary School teachers was sanctioned In order.

to give more facilities for primary education 6 new primary schools were opened during the year under report. The increase in the number of schools is due to the liberal policy of the State, (towards education) in opening new schools.

147 The total number of students studying at present in various institutions of the State is 4493 against Attendance 3612 of the last year and 3408 of the year before last, vide appendix XXV Out of 4493 students, 4208 were boys and 285 were girls. The gradual increase in the number of students clearly shows that the people have now been realising their responsibility of educating their children. The average daily attendance remained at 3853 as against 2833 of the last year The increased number of the daily attendance show that the parents and the guardians of students have cared to send their boys and girls to school more regularly last year and thus the percentage of the schoolgoing children to the total population which stood last year at 10 87 has come up this year to 1404. This increase is very hopeful and in years to come, a still better percentige is expected

spent over the school buildings, was during the Cost year under report Rs 43109/- against Rs 32330-10-7 of the last year and Rs 21088-10-9 of the year before last In order to encourage the spirit of opening and conducting new schools out of funds collected by private contribution, the State has sanctioned grants-in-aid to three schools Out of these three schools, one is an A V School, other is a Primary School and third an Antyaja School All these three schools receive an annual aid of Rs 960/- from the State

- 149 The most salient feature in which the State can take pride is the fact that since June 1905, education Free Education both secondary and primary has been made completely free throughout the State, and that the rich and the poor all alike have been taking the fullest advantage of this facility
- 150 With a view to maintain discipline and enforce regular attendance an imposition of nominal fines for irregular attendance and

are spent solely for the purpose of games and amusements of the school boys

151 Besides giving education completely free throughout the State, assort of encouragement sanctioned 24 scholarships worth Rs 235/- rer month as detailed below -

, •				
	No	Name of scholarship.	Nos of Scholar-	Value per month
	-		ships	Rs a p
	1	Agriculture Scholarship	1	30-0-0
	2	Arts College ,,	2	40-0-0
Scholarships	3	Claude Hill ,,	1	25—0—0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4	School Leaving- ,, examination	3	45-0-0
	5	P R Training- ,, College	2	30-0-0
	6	Mahalaxmı " "	1	15-0-0
	7	Idar High School ,,	14	5000
		Total	24	Rs 235—0—0
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<del></del>	

lar exercise and they generally play Indian outPhysical door games During the year under report materials
Iductation necessary for daily exercise, worth Rs 500/- was
purchased and supplied freshly to all the Schools

153 In English Schools Cricket and Foot-ball are played regularly, and drill classes are held regularly every Scout-Training evening Luring the year under report two Scout-Troops one at Idar and the other at Himatnagar were trained in scouting It is now proposed to train some more Scout-Troops from A V Schools at Vadali, Gabat, Bayad and Meghraj

the Indian boys and the preservation of health of Medical the school going children has become a national problem. In order to remedy as far as possible this defect, the system of holding medical exa-

mination of school going children was introlaced during the year On detection of a disease in a boy, steps are being taken to help the sufferer to a speedy recovery and to prevent the spread of contagion, if any, to the other boys

This side of education is not neglected by the Department, and His Highness was pleased to sanction Moral a special post of a religious preacher for the schools Training at Idar In other schools, the staff have been instructed to devote at least half an hour for implanting seeds of morality and religion with taught

Inspection inspected all the schools giving necessary instruof Schools ction and hints to the teachers about the methods of imparting education specially in the primary schools

School school in the Stite, a school Committee consisting Committees of 4 or 5 leading gentlemen of the village is appointed The committees have been giving much help to the Deputment

ducted by the Educational Officer, Educational
Annual Inspector, and the Taluka Master of Vadali A V
Examination School The results of the examinations were on
the whole satisfactory

the Maharaja Saheb sweets were distributed in all Prize the State Schools and the Himatnagar English Distribution School boys had a gathering and interesting programme of physical sports was gone through by the students of the local A V School Prizes were distributed by Shree Bhamaiji Saheb The function was attended by members of the royal family, officers and the clite of the town

160 During the course of the year under report several res-Visitors pectful gentlemen paid visits to the different State Schools and sweets and prizes worth Rs 350 were distributed by them State

Private 1 A V School, 7 Primary Schools, 8 Sanskrit
Institutions Path Shalas, 2 Madiesas, 5 Mission Schools and
1 Antyga Shala

162 The number of Kumars from subordinate Jaghirs of the Education of State attending the Scott College at Sadra during Jaghirdars' the year of report was 10 as against 9 in the Kumars preceding year

The number of Kumais taking education in the valious State schools in the year was 55

### CHAPTER VIII

Miscellaneous.

### LIBRARIES

House Library at Idai and the Daibar Library in the Palace at Himatnagar The former is free to the public and the latter contains a large number of useful books on Litrature, Science, History Philosophy and arts in English, Gujarati, Sanskrit and Hindi and is taken advantage of by the State Offices

### PRINTING PRESS

Only one private printing press continued to work during the year and did the printing work of the State Gazette, State forms, Circulars and other State work mostly in English and Gujarati It did undertake also other job work of the Public

Agent, Mahi Kantha, for the interest he took in matters concerning the welfare of the State throughout the year under report as also to the Departmental Heads and Staff for their Cordial cooperation in the administration of State affairs

HIMATNAGAR, )
5th July 1929

F. S. Master.

President, Idar State Council

# APPENDIX I

Names of Principal Civil and Military Officers in the Idai State on 30-9-1928

_	Name of Officer	Substantive Post held in the year	Date of enter- ing State service	Date of appointment to present post	Remaiks
	CIVIL				ţ
1	Ichhashanker K. Pandya B. A. LL. B	Acting Dowan	21-3-27	22-8-28	
2	Ichhashanker K Pandya	Sai Nyayadhish	21-3-27	21-3-27	
3	Keshavlal V Thakkar L u & S	Chief Medical Officer	2-2-27	1-2-27	
4	Keshavlal O Joshi	Revenue Com-	26—1-27	26-1 <b>-</b> 27	
ð	Valabhram A Trivedi, E A	Political Secretary	1-1-1901	23-12-26	
6	Thakor Mool Singh of Dolgadh	Pinate Secretary	10-1-1922	24-7-28	
7	Rangildis H Kothaii	Chief Engineer	1-4-27	11-3-27	
8	R S Piathvi Singh H	Police Superintendent	25-2-28	25-2-28	
9	Sadashiv Jaykrishna	Treasury Officer	21-1-27	5-1-27	
10	G R Palsule, B A, B SC, L T	Educational Officer	10-5-27	18-4-27	,
	MILITARY				
1	Lt M K Man Singhai	Commandant, Idai Sir Pra-	20-2-24	17-2-26	
2	Subedai Gulam Mohmad	tap Infantiy	25-3-26	25~3-23	

# APPENDIX II.

Last of laws in the Idar State during the year 1927-28

Description	Whether adapted from British India Acts	Introduced during year under report	Remarks
Registration	)		
Stamp Act			
Customs Rules			
Rules for cutting or breaking defective silver coins			
Arms and Ammunition Rules	Adapted from the	)	
Court Fees Act	corresponding British Acts on the subject with		
Lyplosive Substances Act	such modifications		
Excise Rules	las suited the pecu-		
Law Regulations & Rules relating to Opium and Intoxicating Drugs			
Motor Vilnele Act			
Rules for Cotton Ginning & Pressing factories			
Alienation Settlement Rules			
Rules relating to sale of girls in mairiage			
Cattle Tresspass Act Municipal Rules		These laws made applicable during	e
Rules for games & fishing	}	the year under report	
Indian Penal Code Act XLV of 1860	l		
Contract Act IX of 1872			
Criminal Procedure Code Act V of 1898	These laws as cui- rent in British		
Civil Procedure Code Act V of 1908	nade applicable		
Limitation 1ct IX of 1908	Mutatis Mutandis		
Bombay District Police Act IV of 1890		Made applicable du ring the year undei report	
•			

Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military forces in the Idar State during the year 1927-28

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	Aims on chaige	22" R & F.	41
		Biffe Short E Y 303"	138
	Total cost on account of pay, allowance and	equipment of the units inclu ding followers for active service	Rs 64,838
		Total	139
	the close	skusM 19dtO	133
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1		Potal decrease	22.28
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1	lties	n 17b the mustering out and stide para 603 of the pay and allowance legu- Il tiss Part I	ෙ
,	Casaa lues	Usscharged as their longer required  Jonger required  Discharged in accordance	H
1		Discharged as unlikely to become efficient soldiere	ı.
;	<b> </b> 	Discharged at own request	<del>-</del> #
		Discharged on medical grounds	
	·	l) ted	N
		Total	167
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	Recruited	so I	7
İ	At the begin- ning of the year	ednasi tediO	127
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education of the Police in the Idar State for the year 1927—28	Punishment	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.		:		•	• •		•	:	•		
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Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline		Description	tondent	His pension contribution Assistant Police Superintendent (with	horse and clothing allowance ) .	•		Do	tor Do.	ead Constables			
Stat		7	Police Superintendent	Assistant Police Superint	horse and clo	Sub Inspectors	يون ي	0 C	Police Prosecutor	First grade Head Constables	Second ., ,	Fourth ,, ,,	

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<b>:</b>	Total.		Total	Grand Total
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First Class Constables Second ,, ,, Appientice Bhisti Do Police Office Shirstedan Establishment Cleik Accountant Cleik Do		: Do O		

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Idu State during the year 1927-28.

	Remarks	
Percentage con- neted of accused sent for trial	Present yeu	55.4
Percent vieted c	tro C denT	39 8
Percentuge of Percentuge con- convictions victed of accused (columns 3 & 5) sent for tind	Present year	ने १८ १८
	Lysp dest.	908
Number of secu- sed acquitted or discharged	Тлөзепф увч	185
Numbo sed acc drsch	Past year	205
Numbor of necused conneted	Тіезепр учлі	157
Num Դոր Con	Past year	196
lber of sent for trial	Present year	294
Num	Past year	362
Number of Accused sent for trial	Бтезепр уел	201
Nun	Past year.	362
Number of Offences	Present Jear	226
Num Off	Past Jear	253
	Stufe	Idar.

APPENDIX VI

on 1927–28.		Remaı ks	
te during the ye	Percentage of recoveries of property stolen	Present yen	38 9
in the Idu Str	Percentage of	Pust yen	29.1
ecoveries mydo	Amount recovered	Present yen	Rs v p
und amount of 1	Amount	Past yeu	Rs n p 6458-11-1
noperty stolen	stolen	Piesont yeu	Rs a p 22314-15-8
the value of I	Amount stolen	Pıst yen	Rs a p
Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries made in the Idu State during the year 1927-28.		State	Idપ

Ciese Dending CV. Lim guing al Statement showing the number of evers of evers disposed of and erses in uting friid in the Idir State for the zerr 1927-28. : : Accused ir insterred. : Cupit il punishment nothiltogenerit Terms of imprisonment Tpois 2 lens 0) 8 suas c moız 1 to 2 jens Hon From From 7 to 12 months from 3 to 6 months From 2 to 3 months From I to 2 mouth one month Under मित्र का विश्वास स्था of persons died durperng meme : of persons contined No or discharged H C/J -1 52 persons acquirted OX င ೧೦ C Total. Number of persons sentenced Mhtpping Line only c ; ಣ sonment Rigorous and fine : **©**1 Impri-2 rmple mpi ison-R) gorous Simple : of persons convicted ಅ c, ţ .hehrehended. 32 ÷ 22 8 Sumber of persons of during the present Jear ೧೦ : ೧ G Xumber of cases disposed of during the past jear က G 10 Number of cases disposed ೧೦ [t 40,T ar; 11 Number of cases the present Jear C/J ŝ C/I Committed during brat lega C) 24 Balance from Escape from confine-Offences affecting pub-lic health & safety, Culpuble houncede sec 304 nscembly sees, 143-153 Harbouring an offender and against religion Rioting & unlawfu &c, secs 277-279-29 Description of offences ment sec 224 Murder sec 302

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APPENDIX VII - Continued

Statement showing the number of cases of cases disposed of and cases in uting trid in the Idai state for the year 1927-28

Crees benging Liting trill Accused transferred. Cipital punishment Transport ation Terms of impresent Tpore 2 lears Sto 5 years From S 2 10 9 3 6 1L Trom suas 7 of 1 हा भाग From 7 to 12 months From 3 to 6 months From 2 to 3 months From 1 to 2 months Under one month Ing or before trial ে -un beins and io on oursui Buied of persons confined ON or discharged 181 of persons acquitted  $N_0$ 157 Total Number of persons sentenced Myrbbing Fine only 40 somment and fine 92 sno togist Impn1-10 Simple mpuson- $\mathbb{R}^{n}$ gorona 30 Simple No of persons convicted 157 aphrehended. 383 12 56Number of persons of during the present year 162Number of eases disposed of during the past year 2 33 Number of cases disposed 13 187 Total Number of cases the present year 15313 Committed during Doze Jear  $\Theta$ 34 Balance from House trespass, sees Mischief, secs 428-436 Totul Description of offences

the year 1927–28				Remarks							
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omts m	Persons disposed	_		Acquitted					29	152	41
erial C		ն	τις τι	cpsiged withou	Dıs				14	31	16
agiste		lai		Present year					126	302	123
ne M		Total		Past year	_		38		160	194	138
h by tl	ersons dealt with	1927-28		m snother cou						,c	•
ult wit	ns dea	ın 192		rested in presen the Magistrat							
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d and	of	t to		snommus nO					30	100	43
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98 1 <i>6</i>	N	Bı	90	rested by polic	- 1				35	89	52
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Statement showing the number of offences reported and				Courts		(A) STIPENDIARY	District Magistrate	1st Class Magistrate,	Himatnagai	Do Idaı	Do Sabalpuı

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•	1-	1-		:		:	101
•	•	-				63	11
بالمعارفة في نبيت	an garan geranda				•	•	28
:	31	91		1~	•	21	 185
•	16	133	-	4	9		341
	13	69			<b>.</b>	29	177
	81	136		15.	1-	53	813
67	105	85		35	13	59	850
	•	•		~~~			20
		:		~~~ *	•		
:	•			•		15	19
	07	97		۱٦		4	24S
•	11	16		-41	•		
	40	30		9	<del>-J</del>	7-1	290
	<b>L</b>	¥ 67			က	50	127 299 154
	39	16		11	C3	13	
	36	86	_	18	4	30	708
2nd Ola-s Magistrate, Humatnagai	Do Vadalı	Do Bhiloda	(В) похопили	1st Class Magistrates	2nd Class Magistrafes .	3rd Class Magnetrates	 Total 304 339

;

	1	Remarks					
		  -  -	Cases	1 1	· · · ·		
	1		Регзопя				
	Further	&c order d	Cases			•	
			Persons				
	-	11¢d	Cases				
	٥	Referred	Persons				
c 1ses	dings	ned [	Sases				
Number of persons and cases	Procee	durshed	suosiad				
person		rsed	SasaS		9		7
nber of		Reversed	Persons	જા	16		18
Nm	nces	fled	SesaS		က		ಣ
	Sentences	Modufied	Persons		က		က
		Confirmed	səst O	÷	23	က	00
		Confi	Persons	7.0	67	ಇ	10
	ations	ted	Cases				
	Applic	iejected	Persons				
ц поп	keri se ot	snoi out	Number of prevent	.Ĉ	12	က	20
		Tubunals		Mehkma Khas	Su Nyayadhish	District Magistrate	Total

	,		lemarks				
ng.			notierub egen 1A	165720 10-11	37016 0-3-10	7 1842 0-2 10	8587 0-1-20
Suits disposed of during the year			Valuo	16572	37016	71842	8587
sed o		10	besogeth est mandtO	129	12	11	rel
disposed the year		(	Struck off the tile	:	10	90	57
Surts t		pasiu	Admitted ind compro	<del>1</del>	7.5	221	22
			Ezparte		42	110	6
		2000	Number of suits above Its	9			•
ıre	-	90 SH	ovada stine to redmuX Ooc est redain bas 0001	10	70	īĊ	m
the present year	Amount		Number of suits above 500 suits above 500 suits 100	13	12	29	4
the pre			Number of suits above 500 sA rebun has 500	66	49	172	23
filed during		100.	Mumber of sutts under Rs	56	83	243	35
d du			stright rether rights	122	:	41	H
s file	Nature	SIL	Suits for money transactio	67	149	439	61
Surts	N	A	Suits re-landed propert,	:	•	9	F-4
			Value	63220	63759	74542	11489
	Closing balance.		Present year	76	45	55	12
	Closing balance.		Past year	63	35	35	က
	Disposed of during	year	Блезепр Лелг	130	139	432	54
	Disj	the	Past year	187 124	184 263		ວົວ
,			Present year	187	184	484 371	99
	Total		Past Jear	124 187	149298	449406	83
Filed during the	corred by transfer	or on temand	Тезеп уезг	124	149	449	63
File	z con cran	10 T	Past year	116	206	406	58
	Opening corred by balance transfer		Present year	63	35	35	<u></u>
			Past year	71	92		:
			Tribunals.	Sir Nyayadlısh	State Munsiff.	Idar Munsiff	Bayad-Sabalpur Munsiff

-3-16	-2-15				
4227 03-16	10009 0-2-15	·			181253
					153 1
22	38	•	······································		182
36	73	•			418
12	39				212
					9
		:			21
•				•	5.8
18	98	<b>-</b>	-		837
67	118				#8c
<del></del>	•				127
29	154		<del></del>		872
					2
5215	10507				138 179 228732
6	₩				179
C)		•			138
09	150				965
38		ů		ಣ	859
69	154				1144
40	•	70		ණ 	997
29	154				826 1006 997 1144 859 965
36		<b>-</b>		က 	826
2					138
43		4	:		171
$\mathbb{D}^{0}$	Do	Do	81 <b>ff.</b>	Do	Total
Bhiloda	Vadalı	Aloda	Chandernı Munsıff.	Kukadıa	

Anco thous pending dispo-trace the the close of the sear	Value for present sear  Below 6 months  Below 12 months		10039 18 29 5	27519 72 56 21	1888 6 1 1	3643 19 8	5556 26 38 6		•	:	186 15 111 132 36
Closing balanco	Present year		52	152	30	27	02	:		•	309
Nosir	Past Jear		53		ů	:		,			1
Jo	Value for present year	507	13013	18833 171	2010	3450	F116		;	•	77287 229
Disposed	Present year	-	29	137	21	17	130	:	:	;	663
íá	Prof Jear	•	305		20	¢1	•	ભ		G	1
1	Value for present pear	200	23052305	76352 341	3928	7093	15000			:	125932679
Total	Present yen		119	9 <u>7</u> 6	29	ŤŤ	200		:		972
	Pist year		358	512	25	67		67	•	G	1
Apr heations hought to the register	Value for present 3c tr	507	11608358	53389512	3701	7093	15000	:	;	•	91208 908
pr heatio night to register	Present year	Н	99	801	24	4.4	200				743
17.	Past Jear	:	165	513	20					G 	707
}	Value of opening barr for present jear	•	11111165	22063 512	227	•	•				34631707
Opening	Present Jehr	:	53	171	,0				•		550
Openin	Tasy Jeaf		193		13	-	:	62	•		201
	Tribunals	Sir Nyayadhish	State Munsiff	Idar Do	Bayad-Sabalpur Do	Bhiloda Do	Vadalı Do	Aroda Do	Chanderni Do	Kukadia Do	Total

OCILI Work—Number and results of appearls in the Ohill Sults in the Idur Slate during the 3 car 1927—19

APPENDIX XII

CIVII. WORK-Number and results of appeals in the Civil Suits in the Idar State during the year 1927-28

Аувіаве duration Present year 11-c-0 11-9-0 Past year 1-2-22 22-2-I disposed of mised and other wise Present year Past year Decision Decision rom andneversed amended cd for յe-քոյվ Piesent year How disposed of Past Jear Present year Past year Present year Past year C) աւսյսօշ Present year ect Past year Total Disposed | Closing | Value of Present year Tee 7-5-0 (0**-**2~4991 1256-0-0 Past year 0-0-9931 က of during balance Piesent year တ ıQ 3 Prst year G ರಾ Present yen Past year 13 Present 1etr S ıQ 10 Past year G 6 Present year balance duing 4 Past year Opening Present year Past year Sar Nyayadhısh Mehkma Khas Tubunal

APPENDIX XIII

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Idai State during the year 1427-28

		Remarks showing mortality smong convicts in Jails				
past	r] . 11001	Avolage period of	135 6	101 2	:	236.8
p	แม ะโ	nd dest of Listons		6739	698	7607
ear Sining	remi Jue	Number of prisoners	51	17	67	20
verage		Present year	1531	27.1		180 2
Daily a		Tast year	168 5	576	7.5	233 3
ners	-	Present year	93	179	63	335
priso	Total	Past year	100	148	75	523
Number of pusoners Daily average	រ បទទ	Admitted during pre year	29	171	40	278
Num	) est	Remaining from past	26	80	23	57
	Stios	err <sup>q</sup> to redmnN	FH	70	9	12
		Stations.	Central Jail at Himatnagar .	Other Khalsa Jails (at Idar, Bhiloda, Sabalpur, Bayad and Vadali)	Sardarı Jaıls and Lock-ups – Pal, Chandarnı, Kukadıa, Degamada, Samera, and Posına	Total

Registration of documents in the Idai State during the year 1927-28

		Remarks	
Documents remain- ing unregistored	pending enquity of the close of the year	Present year	19
Documen ing uni	pending of the the	Past year	24
Documents of which	negistiy has een refused	Tresent Tear	13
Document of which	negistry ha	rest read	9
Value of	documents registered	Present year	599146763233433
Valu	doeu 1egis	Pust year	146763
ered	រុនភ្លេច៖	Present year	]
'squeu	Досип	Past year	347
	cel-	Present year	34
jg ,	Miscel- laneous	Past year	10
esented	18y	Present year	
	Money bonds	rest test	1.1
Nature of documents pu		Present year	09
doem	Wılls	Past year	20
jo e	le Is	Present year	410
ature	Sale	Past year	586
4	ı tga- ges	Present year	103
	Montga- ges	Past year	54
aoite	riegor	Present year	209
	Docum	Past year	351
		Name of State	Idar

# APPENDIX XV.

Statement showing the Receipts on account of Registration in the Idar State during the year 1927-28

		Past ye	ar		Present 3	ea1	•
Description	mber of deeds	Value of Property	Fees realised	ber of eeds	Value of Property	Tees realised	Remarks.
-	Number deeds	Rs a p	Rs a p	Number deeds	Ra a p	Rs a p	
Mortgages	53	33,653-0-0	214-0-0	98	53,007-0-0	138-1-0	
Sale deeds	263	1,12,583-4-0	1039-0-0	413	168527-12-0	1583-8-0	
Wills .	22	101-0-0	106-0-0	54	11,701-0-0	252-8-0	
Money bonds	••		•		,	•	
Miscellaneous	9	425-6-6	42-0-0	34	200-0-0	164-8-0	
Total .	347	146762 10 6	1431-0-0	599	233435 12-0	2438-12-0	

APPENDIX XVI

# Receipts and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the

Idar State during the year 1927-28

	Recei	pts	Expen	diture	
Name	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Remarks
Hımatnagar	3109	3947	3882	7323	The balance at the close of year is aborbed in the state revenue and the deficit
Idar	3789	4074	3228	3662	s met from the State Treasury, the opening & closing balances have not been
Vadalı	1024	1025	1098	960	shown
Bhiloda	69	51	48	]	
Badolı .					
					_
Total	7991	9097	8256	11945	

Statement of Rainfall in the Idar State during the year 1927-28

Station	Octo- Novem December       Janu- Febru March Apul         ber ber ber ber 1927       1927       1928       1928       1928       1928	Novem D ber 1927	December 1927	Janu- I ary 1928	ary 1928	March 1928	April	May 1928	June 1928	July 1928	Aug-   S ust 1928	Aug- Septem Toust 1928 1928	otal T	otal of 1926-27	Total 1926~27 of past five yours and a half	Remarks
Himatinagar 0-70 0-45 0-44 0 0 0-0 0-0	02-0	0-45	1-1-0	0 0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-72	14-82	9-89	0-0 0-72 14-82 9-89 1-95 31-97	26-	14-05	31—02	
Idar	0-20 0-0 0-73 0-0 0-0 0 0	0-0	0—73	0-0	0-0		0-0	00	1-81	27-01	6-50	00 181 10-47 6-50 4-62 21 - 33		54-65	75-00	
Vadah	0-62 0-14 1-1 0-0 0-0 0-0	7-7 0	1-1	0-0	0-0		0-0	0-45	1-4	11-71	5-30	0-45 $1-4$ $11-71$ $5-30$ $4-82$ $25-39$ $42-71$	5-39	42-71	36-12	
Bayad	0-0 0-53 0-85 0-0 0-0	0-58	0-85	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	1-47	20-4	7-82	0-0 1-47 20-4 7-82 4-7 34-83 39-97	-83	3997	36—12	
Bhiloda	1-33 0-20 0-22 0-0 0-0 0-0	0-30	0 -22	0-0	0-0		0-0	0-0	0-55	11-05	8-61	0-55 11-55 8-61 3-66 29-15 47-56	115	47-56	38 -30	
Meghraj	012 00 00 00 20	0-0	00	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	3-71	18-23	1-24	3-7118-2311-24 4-0 37-65 41-41	65	41-41	36—28	
Khed	1-25 0-75 1-12 0-0	0-75	1-12	0 - 0	0-0 0-0		0-0	0-80		66-91	97-6	1-7516-99 9-16 4-60 36-42 38-15	42	38-15	37-62	
Taigadh	0-0 0 0 0-0 0-0 0-0 08-0	0-0	0-0	0-0	0 0		0-0	0~0	0-37	13 – 70	1-70	0-0 0-3713-7011-70 4-4831-5		3655	35-30	

APPENDIX XVIII

Statement as to pieces of staple food-grains in the Idm State during the year 1927-28

2 1 4 2 2 2 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	9		Seer I	Seer per one rupee (=80 tolus)	30 (=80 tc	olas )		
	2	Wheat	Вајгі	Ma120	Pulses	Јажап	Кісе	Remarks
October	1927	10	93	13	င	10	8	
November	1927	10	10	13	3. 14.	10	ಣ	
$\mathbf{December}$	1927	10	10	12	4	6	34	
January	1928	10	103	12	4,2	<del>7</del> 6	34	
February	1928	10	10	13	ئ ئ	6	က	
March	1928	10	101	14	īĠ	10	3.1 4.5	
April	1928	10	10	12	70	6	ಣ	
May	1928	10	101	13	₹1	10	ಣ	
June	1928	10	10	12½	77	6	93 <del>1</del>	
July	1928	6	6	11	4	<del>1</del> 9	က	
August	1928 .	8}	81	10	41	6.4	အ	
September	1928	<u>∞</u>	81	10	4	64	က	

APPENDIX XIX

Expenditure on Public Works in the Idar State during the year 1927-28

	Sta	ite funds		I.	ocal fu	nds	Rema-
Description of work	Original	Repairs	Total	Origi- nal	Repairs	Total	rks
1 Additions and altera- tions to palaces.	22736	7963	30699				
2 State Buildings A Idir Sii Protap In- fantry	25920	191	26111				
B Police Thanas	16009	7	16016				
C Schools							
A V School Humat- nagar Other school repars	22630	485 3176	485 25806				
D Central Jarl Block & ward E Jarl at Vadali	13315	979 45	14294 45				
F Officer's Quarters	24589	6894	31483				
G Hospital & Dispensaries	7715	989	8704				
H Irrigation	8800	124	8924				
Total	141714	20853	162567				
3 Roads & Communications	3855	2900	6755				
4. Office establishment		7719	7719				
Grand Total	145569	31472	177041				

State

Idaı

Remarks

APPENDIX XXI

Statement showing the Excise Shops and Excise Revenue of the Idar State during the year 1927-28

	Romarks	
al	15ечение	2,35,85£
Total	Number of	286
	Кечепие	
Tan	to redamN sqods	•
ાક જ	Көчепиө	12047
Bhang & Ganja	to redmuX sqods	30
un	<sub>Ке</sub> гепие	1834
Opuum	to tedmuN sqofts	36
, spirit	1}ечепие	810,71,2
Country spirit	Number of sqods	211
	Name of State	Idar

# APPENDIX XXII. RECEIPTS & EXPENDITURE.

APPENDIX XXII

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the Ider State, during the year 1927-28

Name of Head   Collections	Records			Expenditure.		manufacture and the second of	
Pred   Refund Revenue   3,94,031   4,17,160   B Refunds   Refund	Name of Head	Collections during the year 1926-27	Collections during the year 1927-28	Name_of Head	1926-27	1927-95	Remarks
Pixed   3,94,031   4,17,160   B Refunds     2,80,697   1,63,570   C Administration     1,11,383   1,	A. Land Royonue			A. Tubute	30,310	30,310	
General Department   1,11,38;   1,1,39;		3,94,031 2,80,695 43,137	1,17,160 1,63,570 79,196			4,301	
B Folest Revenue   Japti	Total	7,17,863	6,60,226		1,11,385 8,046 18,290	1,02,350 8,073 22,536	~~~
Jungle produce, 5,165 6,620 8 Police Department 606 Miscellaneous 7,165 6,620 8 Police Department 93,830 1  Total . 5,630 7,364 11 Postal Department 6,253				,	62,651	53,716	
5,630 7,364 10 Postal Department	Jungle produce	5,165 465	6,620		93,830 62,559	15,209 1,10,613 64,838	
	Total .	5,630	7,361	•	11,655	6,739 5,913	

7.037	23,853 7,688 682	4 30,214	43,109	21,827	3,71,105	2,214		} 1,77,041		1,995	28,722
7,007	36,801 36,801 254	4 47,861	32,331	24,419	076'86'8	1,719		4,460 85,088		2,087	29,455
12 Forest Department	Customs Department 13 Customs Department 14 Excise Department 15 Gazette Department	Total	D Education Department	E Medical Department	F Domestic charges including festivals	G Religious charges	H Public Works Department	Office Establishment Original Works and 1epans	I Stamp Department	Purchase of stamps Discount paid on the sale of	stamps
	18, 581 482	2,05,057	5,838		2,005 3,76,872 85,606	6,94,504		- 23	3,000	29,692 1	33,256
	17,397 548	1,98,331	20,118	839 -	2, 34, 159 52, 123	$-6.2\overline{3},\overline{6}\overline{5}9^{-}$			2,224	24,909	27,358
C Customs and Excise	Opium license fee	loubly liquol and loublished fee	Bhang and Ganja license fee Duty on sale of Bhang and	Gunja ) Arms and ammunition license	Customs duty Miscellaneous	Total		D Stamps Revenue	Sale proceeds of adhesive stamps	Sale proceeds of Court lee and other impressed stamps Stamp duty on plaints short	stamped or unstamped .   Total

		1927-29	4	7,878 18,630 25	76,533	•	35,170 39,030	30,000
82-7291 r		1926-97		11,920 13,598 25 124	25,667	an 400 that \$	30,131	8,236 19,727 87,908
N AAII—Continued Aponditure of the Idar State, during the year 1927-28	Expenditme	Name of Head	K Fixed cash payments	1 Vol Gnas 2 Cash allowances 3 Chunda Palo &c 4 Mrscellaneous	Total L Miscellan ous	1 Copying charges 2 Experimental cultivation	, , , , ,	o Municipalities
		Collections during the year 1927-28		682 4,365	108	2,452	13,734	761 517 954
Rece	t i f t	Collections Collect during the during year 1926-27 year 192		575 3,820	7 99	1,118	11,117	5.0 600 734
Statement sh	Records	Name of Head	E. Judicial Receipts	Sale proceeds of unclaimed property 2 Sale proceeds of intestate property 3 Process servers' fee realised in each	b Civil forfeitures 5 Criminal forfeitures 6 Civil Court fees	Other fees, forfeitmes a	Total.  F Miscellaneous Ordinary Receipts	1 Garden receipts 2 Jail manufactures 3 Hide and bone license

Total of heads A to L 11,70,275 12,54,848

						·			
	11,474	7,295 1,14,467 2,26,891 9,30,084	45,945	6,37,056	18,91,904	18,540 4,87,854	5,06,394	62,625	24,60,925
		2,23,109 1,21,900 2,08,812	10,375	7,10,641	18,80,916	24,672	2,64,446	50,856	21,96,218
M Debts 1 Payment towards Government	lo in towards principal (b) towards interest	2 Payment towards past debts 3 Repayment of deposits 4 Advances made	5 Loans { loans to others loans to others	Total	Total of all eash transactions	Remissions in the year Adjustment of accounts	Total	Surplus at the end of the year	Giand Total
	6,036 1,398 2,139	11,164	558	1,796		11,560 36,628	676,07	6,387	14,88,682
	5,029 798 1,146	6,419	1,849	3,159	428	16,854 27,889	63,864	2,871	14,55,205
G Extraordinary Miscellancous Receipts	1 Pound fee 2 Copying and searching fee 3 Registration receipts 4 Interest	(h) On loins (b) On Kist Khelupi (c) On other items	5 Sale proceds of old stores, live stock &c	wiscella (a)	(b) Salanes of State sorvints refunded by parties citing them as witnesses	(c) Municipalities (d) Other miscellaneous receipts	Total	II Nazarana	Total of heads A to II

APPENDIX XXII-Conunced

Statement showing Receipts and Expenditure of the Idar State, during the year 1927-29

Expenditure
Name of Head

\*This includes remissions of Rs 18,099 in heads A to it and Rs 141 in head i

Statement of Medical Rahef aftended in the Ulai State during the year 1927-28

	Number tre	Number of patients treated		Result of Indoor partients	 looı pılı	ents			
Dispensary	Outdoor	Indooi	Dis-	Absented Died	}	Remain- ing under treatment	Expenditure	Expenditure Daily average	Remarks
Hımatınagaı Hospıtal	7995	92	43	4.1	-4	17	13766-1-7	16 79	
Idai Dispensaly	4335		•				1561-11-11	528	
Vadalı Do	3292						14530-10	35 £	
Bayad Do	2031			-			1515-10-1	27.88	
Bhiloda Do	1412						1153—1 2	1543	
Total	19064	92	43	41	49	4	19479—9—7	197 45	

			Remarks	
	Ratio per 1,000 of population	Douths	Теэс лагээт	- <del>4</del> -21
	od jo 0	D0	Past year	ტ ტ
7-98	er 1,00	tha	Present year	7.8
istics of the Idai State during the year 1927–98	Ratio p	Buths	Past year	:0 :0
the 3		**	Decrease	
dump			Increase	154
State	lbs		Present yerr	516
the Ida	Deaths		Tast Jear	788
t jo sa		galaganan ya ne	Дестель	
Statisti		***	luctease	562
Vital Stat	- Z		Present year	1763
	Buths		Tasy Jear	1201
	1		nortsingo4	2,26,35I according to the Census of 1921
			Name	Idar State

## APPENDIX XXV

# Particulars as to the Schools maintained by the Idar

# State during the year 1927-28

Numb Scho					avei atte	aly age en- nce	Ex	pend	iture	
Past year	Piesent year	Description of Schools	Past year	Present year	Past year	Piesent year	High School	Secondary	Ритаву	Remarks
•••	1	High School		228	ļ	213	6915			
3	5	A V Schools	360	659	281	558		5911		
4	6	Primary Schools for girls	200	285	128	223	ļ		1853	
45	47	Pumary Schools for boys	3052	3321	2424	2859			17621	
52	59		3612	4493	2833	3853	6915	5911	19474	
:	Direct	expenditure of Schools	}						32300	
-	Indirec	t expenditure						ĺ	10809	
							To	tal	43109	<u> </u>

Statement showing information about cases regarding alienated land disposed of in the Idar State during the zear 1927-28.

		Remarks	
		Isoversed	:
peuls.	Orders	Modified.	
Υpp	be paid of ot be paid belt radminZ		
	pa	Number file	
, simil	uD£10u 	hing of 10000A	
lt of Eng			·
Resu			•
1	արդ սօ	ВаГапсе	•
opeq	be the seed of the seed of the seed of the period buring of the second o	:	
		[1 10T	•
	េត្ត ព្រទ	Vumber of eases.	<u>.</u>
		Number of east	